A Synthetic Approach to Gelsemicine

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A short stereoselective synthesis, from the cycloadduct of 3,3-dimethoxycyclopropene and 4-methyl-2*H*-pyran-2-one, of the tricyclic aza-oxa-undecane ring present in gelsemicine is reported.

There has been considerable recent interest in synthetic approaches to gelsemium alkaloids¹ but, although a successful route to koumine² has lately been reported, synthesis of other structural types has not yet met with success. Here we describe a short stereoselective route to the bridged tricyclic aza-oxa-undecane ring system in gelsemicine (1) by a strategy which has potential for the introduction of the oxindole moiety and the C ethyl group. A preliminary report³ of the synthesis of a related compound with this ring system appeared some years ago.

Thermal [3 + 4] cycloaddition⁴ of 3,3-dimethoxycyclopropene⁵ to excess 4-methyl-2*H*-pyran-2-one⁶ gave the oxabicyclo[3.2.2]nonadienone (2) (78%) which underwent hydrogenation (Rh on alumina) with high stereoselectivity to give (**3a**) (92%). The configuration of (**3a**) was established by a crystal structure determination^{7†} on the ketone (**3b**) resulting from mild acid hydrolysis (0.05 M HCl/aq. MeCN). This high stereoselectivity (also found using Wilkinson's catalyst which, however, gave a slower and less clean reaction) is probably a consequence of more rapid hydrogenation of the disubstituted double bond leading to enhanced steric differentiation of the faces of the trisubstituted alkene.

Attempts to reduce the lactone (3a) to the saturated ether (4a) using HSiCl₃/Bu^tOOBu^t/hv^{3.8} or by initial thionation⁹ of the ester carbonyl followed by Raney nickel reduction were unsuccessful. However, reduction with LiAlH₄ followed by cyclisation of the resulting diol (TsCl/NaH; Ts = SO₂-C₆H₄Me-*p*), gave the required (4a) (54% over two steps) which was quantitatively hydrolysed (HCl/aq. MeOH) to (4b).‡

Reductive amination (MeNH₂/NaBH₃CN)¹⁰ of (**4b**) gave a mixture (4:1) (84%) of two secondary amines. The ¹H NMR

[†] Crystal data for C₉H₁₂O₃: M = 168.19, monoclinic, space group $P2_1/n$, a = 10.219(3), b = 8.014(2), c = 10.274(2) Å, $\beta = 93.63(2)^\circ$, U = 839.7 Å³, Z = 4, $D_c = 1.33$ g cm⁻³, F(000) = 360, graphite monochromated Cu- K_{α} radiation ($\lambda = 1.54178$ Å), $\mu(Cu-K_{\alpha}) = 7.83$ cm⁻¹. 2365 data measured on a Nicolet R3 mµ diffractometer to $2\theta_{max} = 116^\circ$. 1024 unique reflections with $F > 4\sigma(F)$. Structure solved by centrosymmetric direct methods and refined by blocked cascade least squares (all non-hydrogen atoms anisotropic, H in AFIXed positions) to R = 0.046 and $R_w = 0.052$. Atomic co-ordinates, bond lengths and angles, and thermal parameters have been deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre. See Notice to Authors. Issue No. 1.

[‡] Spectroscopic data for (**4b**): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) at 250 and 400 MHz supplemented by COSY and NOE experiments permitted the following assignments (s denoting protons *syn* to the 8-methyl group): δ 4.26 (ddd, 1H, *J* 7.7, 5.4, 2.4 Hz, 5-H), 3.90 (dd, 1H, *J* 11, 1.7 Hz, 7-Hs), 3.86 (dd, 1H, *J* 11, 5.4 Hz, 7-H), 2.58 (ddd, 1H, *J* 11, 7, 7, 1, 4 Hz, 3-Hs), 2.41 (m, 2H, 1-H, 9-H), 2.36 (m, 1H, *J* ~17, 8 Hz + small couplings, 3-H), 2.09 (m, 1H, 8-H) 2.05 (m, 1H, collapsed to a br. d, *J* 15 Hz after ²H exchange of 3 protons, 4-Hs), 1.75 (dddd, 1H, *J* 15, 8, 2, 5, 4, 4.1 Hz, 4-H) 1.24 (dd, 1H, *J* 14, 7.9 Hz, 9-Hs), 1.01 (d, 3H, *J* 7.2 Hz, Me).



spectrum of the major isomer showed a substantial NOE between the N–CH proton and one of the O–CH₂ protons; this is therefore (5). After chromatographic separation of this isomer, *N*-chlorination (NaOCl), followed by the Hofmann–Löffler–Freytag reaction (hv/CF₃CO₂H then KOH/MeOH),¹¹ gave clean cyclisation (82%) to (6) whose ¹H NMR spectrum was similar to that of (5), apart from replacement of the Me doublet by new signals from the N–CH₂ group (δ 2.65, 2.76) as part of an ABX system.

With a view to future elaboration of the spiro-oxindole unit in (1), (4b) was dehydrogenated to (7) by reaction of the trimethylsilyl enol ether with $Pd(OAc)_2$ /benzoquinone.¹² Modification of the synthesis to permit introduction of the C-ethyl group of (1), either into the starting pyranone¹³ or, probably with greater stereoselectivity, by nucleophilic addition to an appropriate imine should not be difficult.

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